

Volunteer activity: do you want to be an Erasmus+ student?

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If you would like to be an Erasmus+ student, you have to do first the activity we propose here.

This activity consists of:

1. Write a short story in English having as a topic one of the values of the European Union: “respect for human dignity, freedom, democracy, equality and human rights”. The extension should be 2000 words at least.

The story to be submitted should be written in size A4 sheet and using 12 points Arial font and 1,15 cm line spacing. Margins: 2.5 cm top and bottom, and 3 cm side.

1. Choose a way to represent this short story: comic, picture, front page, digital presentation (Ppt, PowToon, Prezi, etc.), monologue, etc.

The dead line to present the work will be **2nd November**. You must give both activities to the teacher you can see below.

EUROPEINN

Once upon a time there was a continent that was divided in two kingdoms.

This two kingdoms had different cultures, education, values, ...

This kingdoms was struggled to see who was the best on the continent even without a name, but they don't know that the happiness is not based into be the best, happiness is found in helping others.

Both kingdoms had one similitude, they spoke the same language, Einnench.

This language consisted in that almost all words had to end in -einn, like potatoeinn, chaireinn,...

One kingdon was Delmoralieinn , king Dariuss governed this kingdom.

In this kingdom there was only one season of the year, the wintereinn.

The people here was very serious, not very talkative and not very open-minded.

The school for the childrens was very stubborn,they only had one week of holidays and it was on Christmaseinn.

The other kingdom was Navarreinn, queen Fuensantuss geverned this kingdom since just one year. Also, in this kingdom there was only one season of the year, the summereinn.

The people here was almost all the time happy,they were very charming, cheerful and they were open-minded.

The schools here were different than in the other kingdom, kids learned playing and they had holidays all months.

Fuensantuss didn't know very well how Dariuss was, since she was young she had been told that her archenemy was Delmoralieinn kingdom and they had to always be better than the other kingdom in everything, that's the reason that they were totally different: if one kingdom did one thing the other did just the opposite.

Their rivalry had become a tradition and is that they themselves didn't know what was the reason they were rivals.

In a nutshell, the two kings were rivals and that made them worse.

They were constantly in wars between each other and the two kingdoms had a powerful army with powerful weapons.

Every Christmaseinn the kings of the two kingdoms had to eat together in New Years Eve, because it was wrote in the Continent Laws (it was very old).

By this time the two kings were in a war that are called Francisqueinn war (because it getting started in the village of Francisqueinn).

In Chritmaseinn of the year 1221 there was a long war that had to finished, so one of the purpose of the New Years Eve dinner is to solve it.

The dinner was prepared by the best cocks of both kingdoms, and it was celebrated in Murcieinn castle (a castle that was located on the borders of both kingdoms)

This year, the service (cookers, cleaners,...) took special care to prepare the castle for the event because they want finished the war.

So the 31st of December, 1221, Dariuss (of Delmoraleinn) and Fuensantus (of Navarreinn) came to the castle with all the ministers,...

Both kings didn't know how to act, talk, ... at that dinner because it was the first time they saw each other and for Fuensanta it was their first dinner as a queen. They were both very nervous

The dinner started, the music started to play, the waiters started to serve the dinner and the kings entered the room each one by a different door (because the Continental Laws said that).

Since the moment that they looked at each other they fell in love.

This night they wrote Treaty of Murcieinn the was the most important of the peace treaties that brought Francisqueinn War to an end.

They united their kingdoms that happened to be one, this kingdom was called Europeinn.

A few months later they married and they mixed the two shapes of govern, they didn't established the monarchy capital because they could not agree of where should it had to be so they lived in an itinerant court and so they took advantage and toured throughout their lives about the territories they had under their government

A year passed and Fuensantuss gave birth to her first and only daughter whom they named successor.

The baby was called Cayeteinn, she had studied in a normal school like the other habitants of the monarchy, she studied a lot, because she had to be prepared to govern. She also studied cello.

She was studying in a normal school with different people

As a child she showed her character and attitude towards life: creative and innovative

When she turned 21 (1240), her parents abdicated because they considered themselves older to govern their territories and they decided to move to their residence to La Mangaeinn, Cayeteinn was named Europeinn queen.

Since then things have changed in Europeinn, Cayeteinn has a different way of governing the monarchy of her parents the people liked those innovative purposes.

First she defended that Europeinn had to works for a social equality, it developed social security and tried to protect the weakest. It seeked to prevent social exclusion and discrimination.

The fundamental values on which her way of governing was based were respect for human dignity and human rights, freedom, equality and the rule of law and nobody that didn't recognize these values can belong to Cayeteinn

She broke the Continental Laws and she wrote new ones that are called Europeinn rights I that was based on these values.

The main goal of her was to defend these values in Europeinn and promoted peace and the wellbeing of the citizens.

Cayeteinn has a problem, she thought that by being the representative of the citizens of her kingdom, all citizens had to vote for her so she decided to celebrate elections in 1241. The voting results chose her as she was already.

This year she wrote Europeinn right II, this rights ensured free mobility of people, goods services and capital within Europeinn.

At the same time she wrote that all discrimination was strictly forbidden and all activity had to be based on democracy which must be respected at all times.

All these decisions were accepted by the population.

Cayeteinn established the capital of Europeinn in Murcieinn and she divided her reign in different regions and called elections to choose the representative of each region.

She put the same education for all children with holidays in Summereinn, Christmaseinn and Eastereinn and with a new educational system called Nolonce whose principles were that the student could express their creativity.

She had married in 1246 with Elisabetheinn, she was a peasant that lived in a normal house. They decided to live together in Elisabeth house out of the palace luxuries.

All the mornings, Cayeteinn went to work to the palace and in the evenings she turned back to home because she thought that to govern the Reign was a normal job like to be a peasant. When she had free time she spend her time playing cello.

Apparently the whole life of Cayeteinn was perfect but it wasn't like that;

She didn't like the way to impart justice in her reign, it was horrible, when anybody didn't follow the laws, there was possibility that the judges executed them or if the sentence was lower the condemned had to did penal servitude with very bad jobs.

She hates them and she was almost all the time thinking about it.

One day she was buying bread for the dinner in the bakery and when she was turned back to her home he saw that a man was stiling the bag of an old women, the old women start to say: To the thief! To the thief!.

At the same time, a melody started to sound and the thief come back, he give the bag to the old women and he started to say sorry and this things.

Cayeteinn started to think about it, because she didn't believe it, she didn't understand how it was possible, how music can makes better persons.

Cayeteinn think that a cellist can played that magic melody

The queen was amazed and she present to the citizens (including judges,..) the new form to important justice that is based on music.

They established a new army, a cello army that had to play in streets, parks, The cellists had to play melody that called Hymn of Hapinesseinn to prevent any type of theft, attack,

or similar and with those who were already prisoners, they needed a big cure so the mayor cellists that were called soloists had to play another melody that called Hymn of Eurovisioneinn (a long version of the other Hymm) that made those who were already bad become good.

Cayeteinn dedicated the rest of his working life to continue improving everything possible in his kingdom, such as the economy, the political system, ...

From time to time he gave lectures in schools, institutes, ... of the importance of art in all aspects of life.

It was perfect, now all in her live was perfect, all her reign was like she wants but she started to think if the citizens really like the queen and in 1248 she celebrated new elections and the voting results chose her as she was already.

Now yes, all the citizens loves his queen, it was perfect.

In 1249 Elizabetheinn and Cayeteinn decided to adopt a baby of other continent and called Lukaeinn and the next year they adopt other baby from other different continent.

Cayeteinn continued with her job and celebrating elections every 5 years, always leaving elected with absolute majority.

She established relations with other continents and transmitted their way of governing, their educational system, ...

When she was 70 he retired of her job and she decided live her last years next to her husband.

The next king was Adolfeinn that continued with this type of govern but his reign didn't be as long as Cayeteinn reign but this is other story.

THE END

-In the video you can hear the Hymm of Happinesseinn and the Hymm of Eurovisionneinn played by Cayeteinn when she was 23 years old (the audio isn't very good but you have to understand that this is a very old recording).

(enviado al profesor Jorge de matemáticas por correo electrónico)